

# GLAS Instrument (Geoscience Laser Altimeter System)

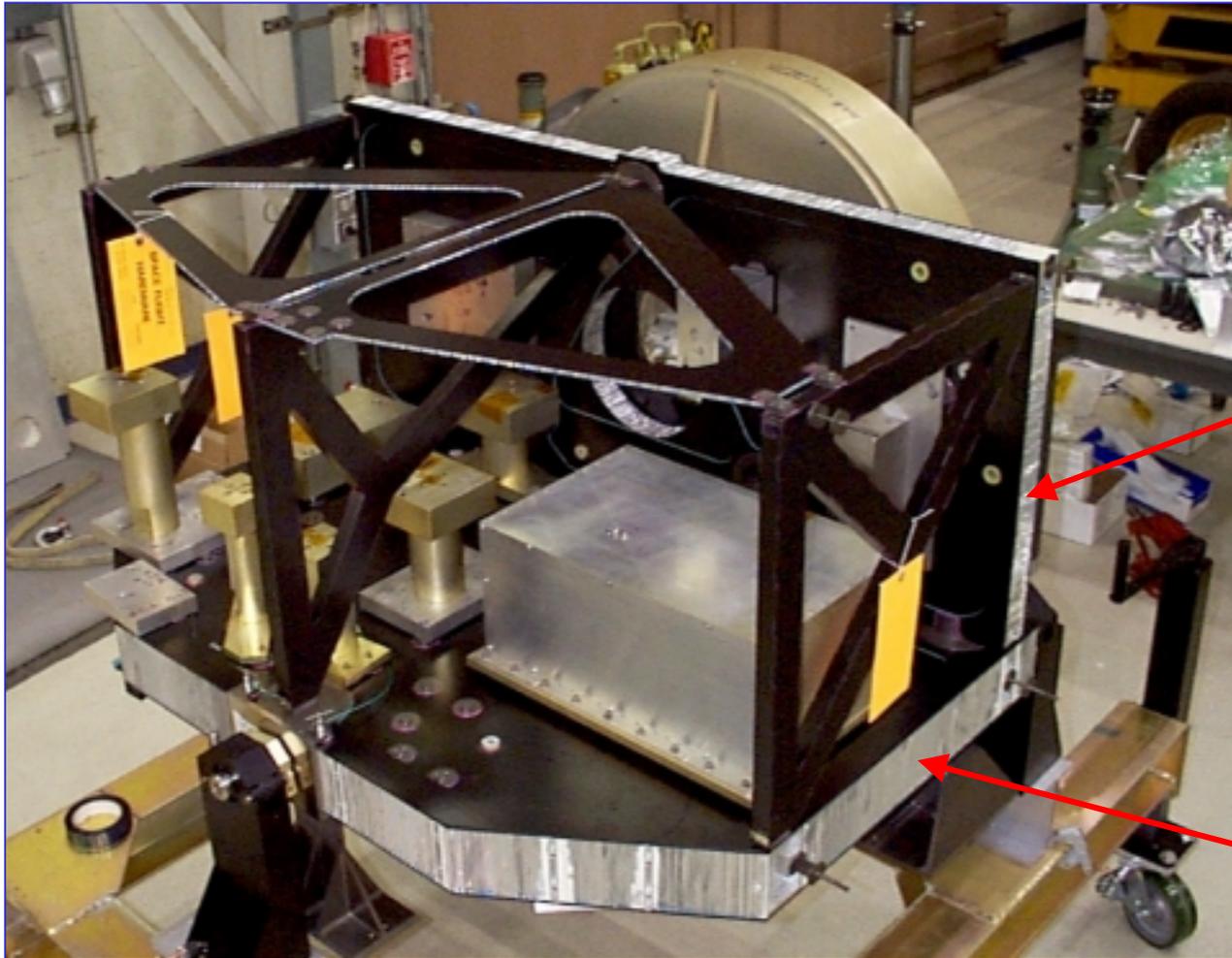


GLAS Instrument  
(ICESat Spacecraft)

- Measures polar ice-sheet topography and temporal changes in topography; cloud heights, planetary boundary heights, and aerosol vertical structure; and land and water topography

Picture Courtesy of Ball Aerospace

# GLAS Instrument Structure w/ Mass Simulators



## Telescope Bench

2" Honeycomb Core

0.06" Composite  
Facesheets

## Optical Bench

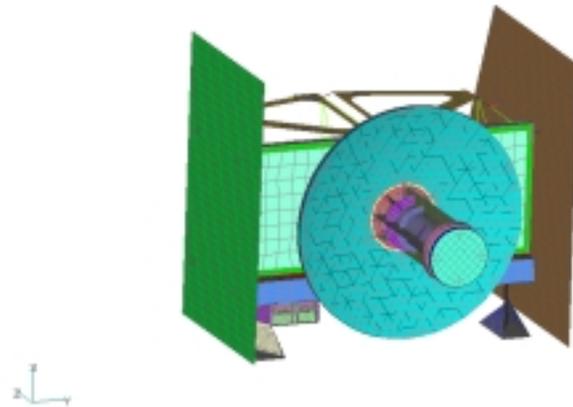
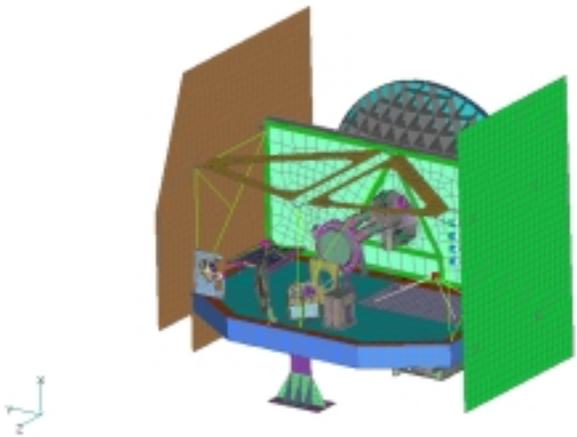
4" Honeycomb Core

0.08" Composite  
Facesheets

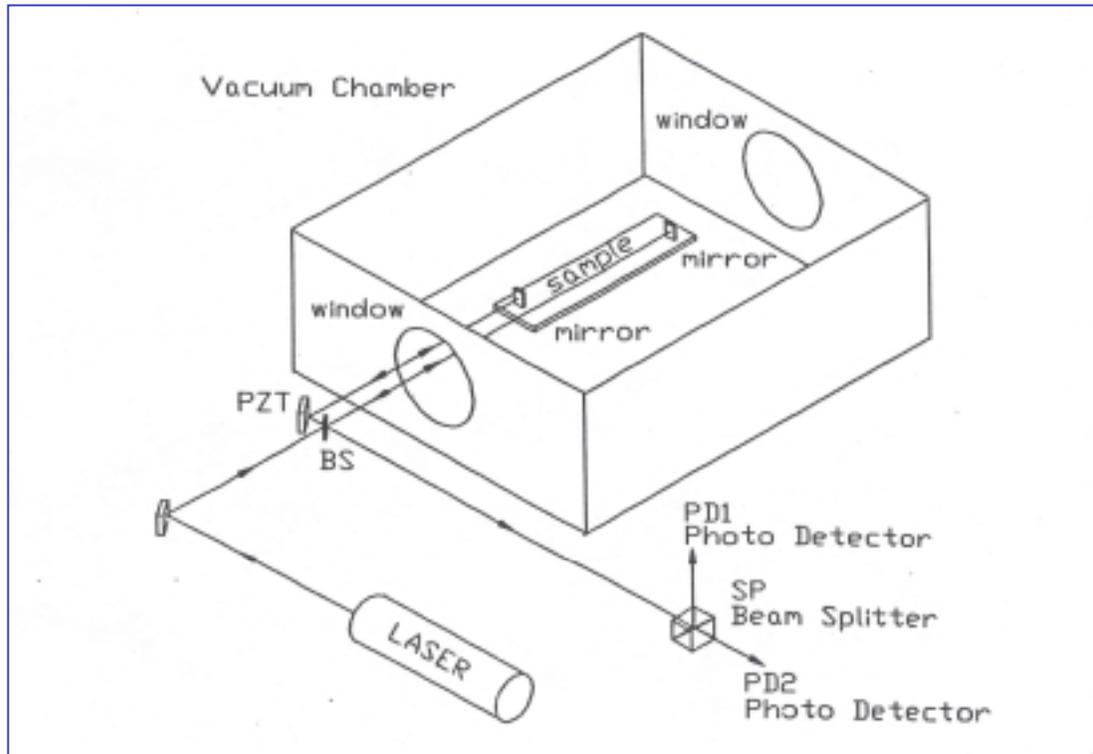
## STOP Analysis (Structural-Thermal-Optical)

- Used to predict optical performance of a system degraded by thermal distortions
- NASTRAN used to predict motion and deformation of optical components

Accurate Material Thermal Properties Required for STOP Analysis



# Laser Interferometer Used to Measure GLAS Bench CTE

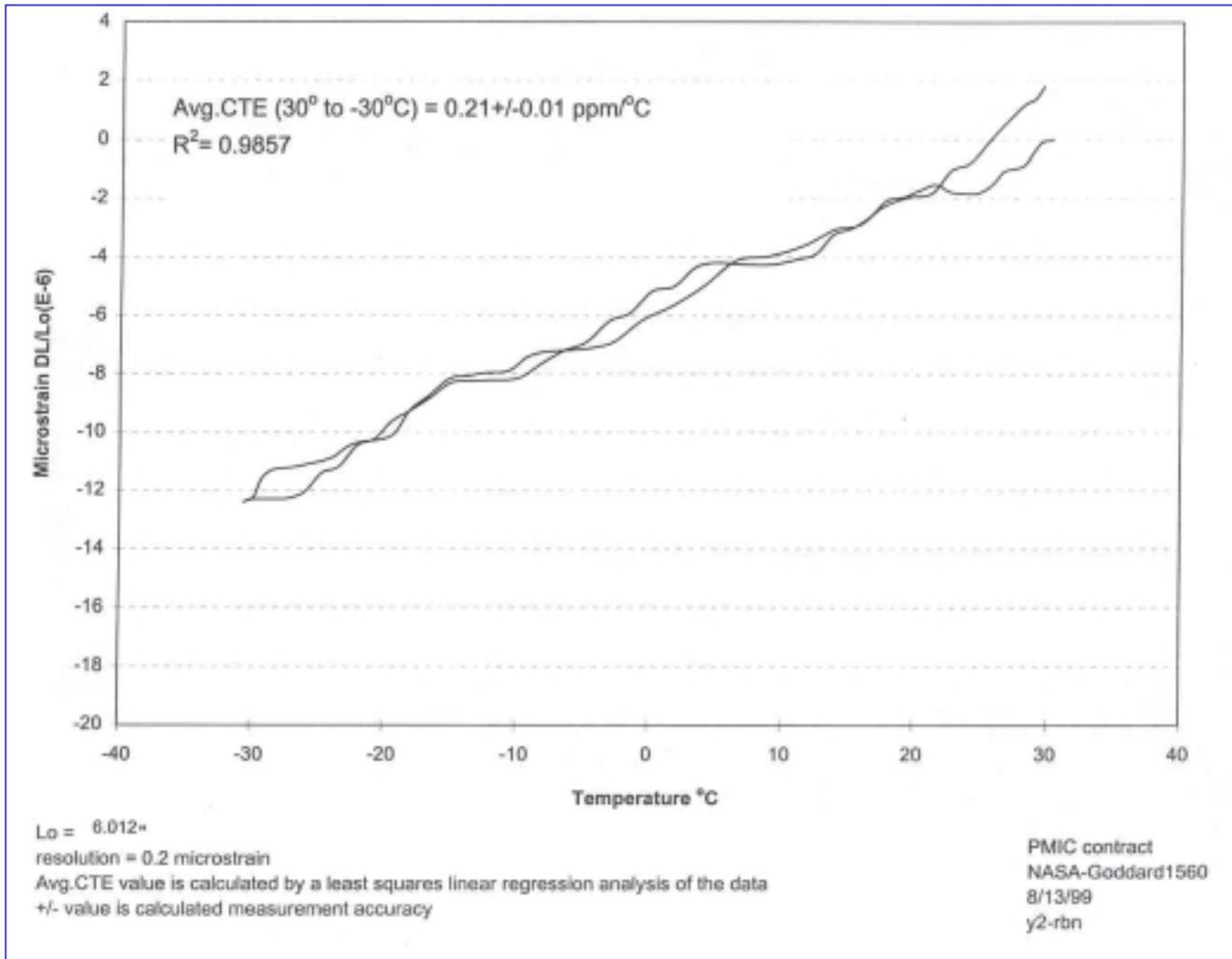


- Laser Interferometer suitable for real time displacement of components with CTE values as low as  $10^{-9} /K$
- Temperature can be accurately cycled over wide range
- 8" x 8" Samples

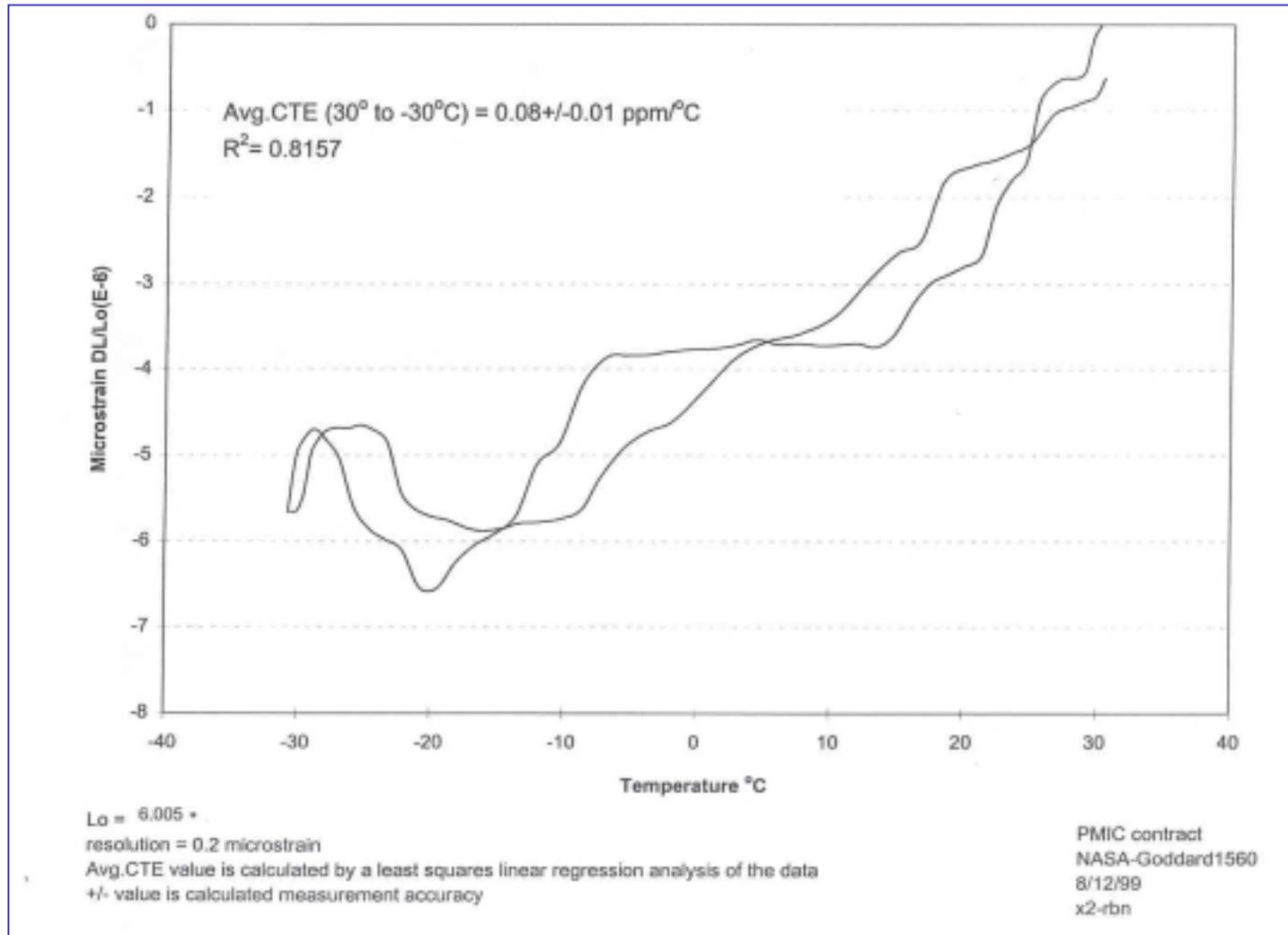
## Michelson Laser Interferometer

- Helium-neon laser provides stable frequency beam
- Laser is split by beam splitter (BS)
- First beam is reflected off mirror PZT and passes into vacuum chamber
- Second beam passes through BS and enters vacuum chamber
- Beams are reflected off sample mounted mirrors and return along their respective paths and interfere, forming a fringe pattern
- Beam splitter SP separates fringe pattern light and directs them to photo-detectors PD1 and PD2
- Each shift in the fringe pattern corresponds to a change in sample length equal to  $1/2$  the wavelength of the laser light ( $12.456 \mu\text{in}$ )

# Optical Bench Thermal Expansion in Ribbon Direction



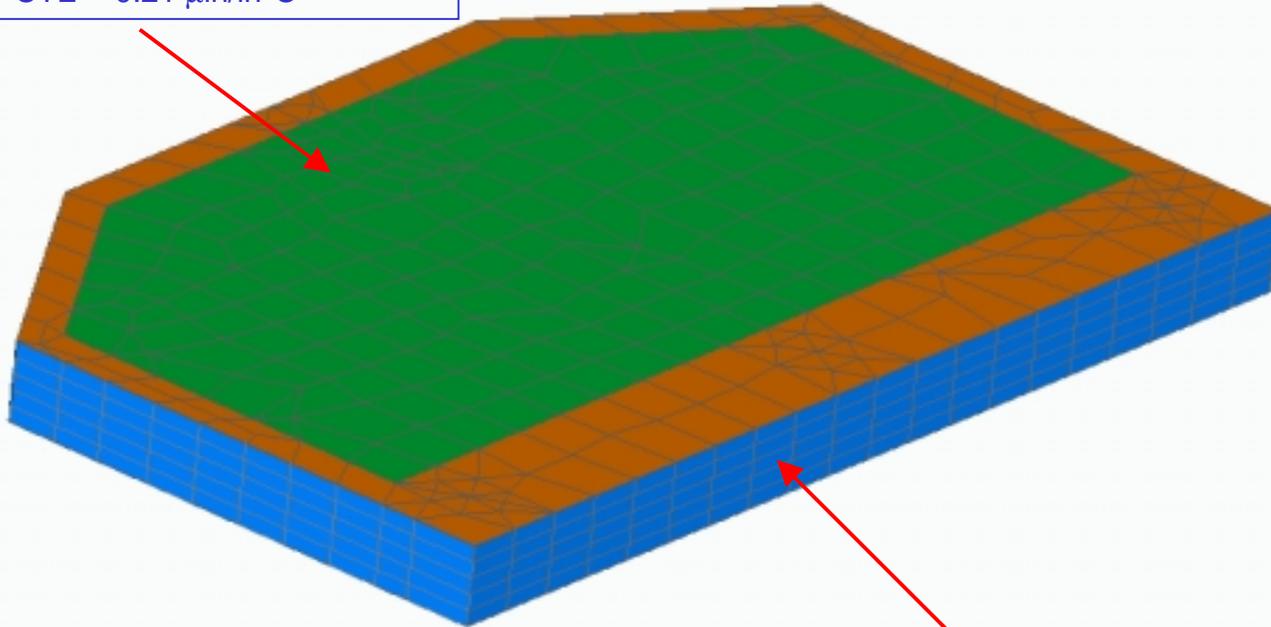
# Optical Bench Thermal Expansion in Cross-Ribbon Direction



# GLAS Optical Bench NASTRAN Model

Composite Face Sheet (Plate Element)

CTE =  $0.21 \mu\text{in/in}^{\circ}\text{C}$



Aluminum Honeycomb Core (Solid Element)

CTE =  $0.21 \mu\text{in/in}^{\circ}\text{C}$  (L and W Directions)